Code: CE1T3, CS1T3, EC1T4, IT1T3

I B. Tech - I Semester - Regular Examinations - January 2015

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY (Common for CE, CSE, ECE, IT)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks 11x 2 = 22 M

- 1. a) What are the ions caused for permanent hardness?
 - b) Define desalination and reverse osmosis.
 - c) What do you meant by ozonised water?
 - d) State the bullet proof plastic with suitable example.
 - e) What is Teflon and draw its structure?
 - f) Write the principle of 'atom economy'.
 - g) Describe the structure of C60 fullerenes.
 - h) Write the short note on Galvanic Corrosion.
 - i) Why the galvanized utensils are not used for the storing of food.
 - j) Define superconductivity phenomenon with suitable example.
 - k) Write short on Photo voltaic cell.

PART - B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks. $3 \times 16 = 48 \text{ M}$

- 2. a) Describe the removal of hardness of water by ion-exchange process with neat sketch and write its advantages. 8 M
 - b) How the micro organisms are removed from the municipal water by U-V radiation and Chlorination processes. 8 M
- 3. a) Explain the free radical and cationic mechanism of addition polymerization.

 8 M
 - b) Describe the injection and blow film extrusion moulding of plastics.

 8 M
- 4. a) Write a brief note on micro wave induced and ultrasound radiation methods in green synthesis.

 8 M
 - b) Explain any two methods of synthesis of carbon nano tubes.

 8 M
- 5. a) What is electrochemical corrosion? Explain its mechanism by evolution of hydrogen and absorption of oxygen. 8 M
 - b) Describe the two methods of cathodic protection. 8 M

- 6. a) Distinguish between stiochiometric and non-stiochiometric semiconductors.
 - b) What are liquid crystals? Explain their applications in LCD and engineering field. 8 M